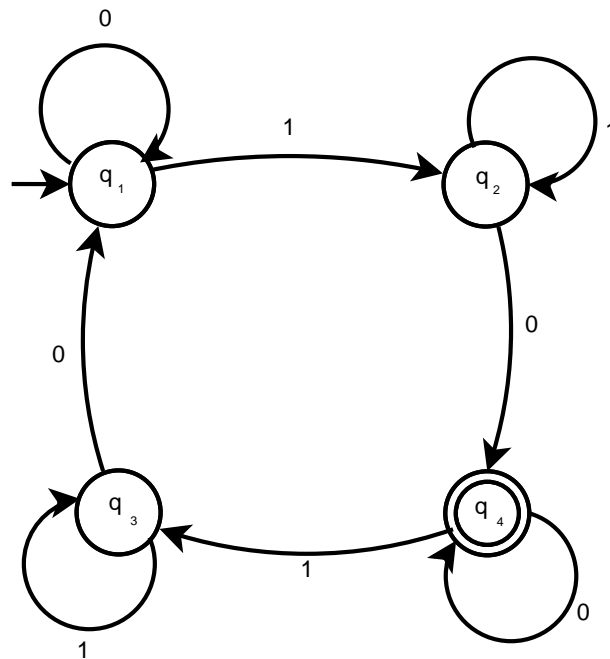


### Homework 3

Due date: October 20th, 2016

It is possible to collect up to 110 points in this homework.

- Describe all the ingredients  $Q, \Sigma, \delta, q_0$  and  $F$  of the following deterministic finite automaton  $\mathcal{M} = (Q, \Sigma, \delta, q_0, F)$ . What language is recognized by  $\mathcal{M}$ ?



- Let  $z = (y_1, y_2, \dots, y_m)$  be a given binary prefix, and let  $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$ .
  - Construct a deterministic finite automaton  $\mathcal{M} = (Q, \Sigma, \delta, q_0, F)$ , which accepts the language  $\mathcal{L}$  that consists of strings that start with the prefix  $z$ .
  - Construct a deterministic finite automaton  $\mathcal{M} = (Q, \Sigma, \delta, q_0, F)$ , which accepts the language  $\mathcal{L}$  that consists of all binary strings that start with any prefix except  $z$ .

In both parts describe all the ingredients  $Q, \Sigma, \delta, q_0$  and  $F$ .

Hint: try first to take some specific  $z$ , for example  $z = (001)$ , and solve the problem for that  $z$ . How do you generalize your solution to a general  $z$ ?

3. For two languages  $\mathcal{L}_1$  and  $\mathcal{L}_2$ , define their symmetric difference  $\mathcal{L}_1 \oplus \mathcal{L}_2$  as follows:

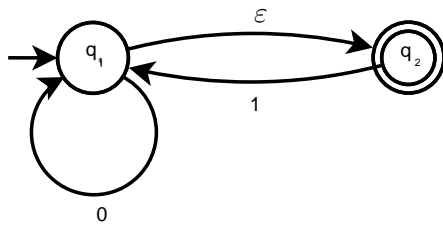
$$\mathcal{L}_1 \oplus \mathcal{L}_2 = \{w \mid w \text{ belongs to exactly one language } \mathcal{L}_1 \text{ or } \mathcal{L}_2\} .$$

Show that if  $\mathcal{L}_1$  and  $\mathcal{L}_2$  are two regular languages over the alphabet  $\Sigma$ , then  $\mathcal{L}_1 \oplus \mathcal{L}_2$  is regular over the same alphabet.

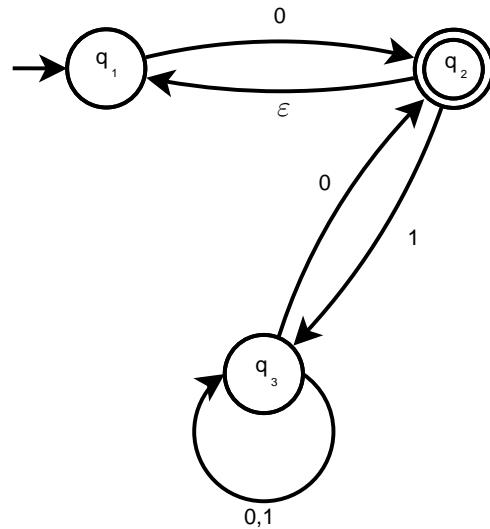
Example: if  $\mathcal{L}_1 = \{001, 110, 11\}$  and  $\mathcal{L}_2 = \{110, 00\}$ , then  $\mathcal{L}_1 \oplus \mathcal{L}_2 = \{001, 11, 00\}$ .

Hint: in the lecture we showed that  $\mathcal{L}_1 \cup \mathcal{L}_2$  is regular. Think how to modify that proof.

4. (a) Describe all the ingredients  $Q, \Sigma, \delta, q_0$  and  $F$  of each of the following nondeterministic finite automata  $\mathcal{N} = (Q, \Sigma, \delta, q_0, F)$ . What language is recognized by each  $\mathcal{N}$ ?  
 (b) Convert each of these nondeterministic finite automata into an equivalent deterministic automaton.



(i)



(ii)