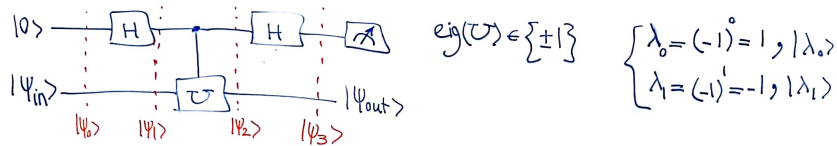


HW10. Q1:



$$|\Psi_{in}\rangle = \alpha_0 |\lambda_0\rangle + \alpha_1 |\lambda_1\rangle \longrightarrow |\Psi_0\rangle = |0\rangle |\Psi_{in}\rangle = \alpha_0 |0\lambda_0\rangle + \alpha_1 |0\lambda_1\rangle$$

$$|\Psi_1\rangle = (H \otimes I)(|\Psi_0\rangle) = \frac{|0\rangle + |1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}} (\alpha_0 |0\lambda_0\rangle + \alpha_1 |0\lambda_1\rangle) = \frac{\alpha_0 |0\lambda_0\rangle + \alpha_1 |0\lambda_1\rangle + \alpha_0 |1\lambda_0\rangle + \alpha_1 |1\lambda_1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$|\Psi_2\rangle = C-U(|\Psi_1\rangle) = \frac{\alpha_0 |0\lambda_0\rangle + \alpha_1 |0\lambda_1\rangle + \alpha_0 |1\rangle \overset{(-1)^0 \lambda_0 = \lambda_0}{U} |\lambda_0\rangle + \alpha_1 |1\rangle \overset{(-1)^1 \lambda_1 = -\lambda_1}{U} |\lambda_1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}} = \alpha_0 \frac{|0\rangle + (-1)^0 |1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}} |\lambda_0\rangle + \alpha_1 \frac{|0\rangle + (-1)^1 |1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}} |\lambda_1\rangle$$

$$|\Psi_3\rangle = (H \otimes I)(|\Psi_2\rangle) = \alpha_0 H \left(\frac{|0\rangle + (-1)^0 |1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}} \right) |\lambda_0\rangle + \alpha_1 H \left(\frac{|0\rangle + (-1)^1 |1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}} \right) |\lambda_1\rangle$$

$$H|x\rangle = \frac{|0\rangle + (-1)^x |1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}} \xrightarrow{xH} |x\rangle = H \left(\frac{|0\rangle + (-1)^x |1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}} \right)$$

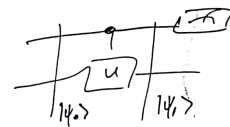
$$\longrightarrow |\Psi_3\rangle = \alpha_0 |0\lambda_0\rangle + \alpha_1 |1\lambda_1\rangle \xrightarrow{\substack{\text{measure the first} \\ \text{qubit}}} \begin{cases} \text{Pr}(0) = |\alpha_0|^2 : |\Psi_{out}\rangle = |\lambda_0\rangle \\ \text{Pr}(1) = |\alpha_1|^2 : |\Psi_{out}\rangle = |\lambda_1\rangle \end{cases}$$

HW 10. Q2:

$|\psi\rangle = \alpha|0\rangle + \beta|1\rangle$ - target
 $|C\rangle = c_0|00\rangle + c_1|11\rangle$ - controlled

$|\psi_0\rangle = |C\psi\rangle = \alpha c_0|00\rangle + \beta c_0|01\rangle + \alpha c_1|10\rangle + \beta c_1|11\rangle$

(I)



(II)



$\xrightarrow{C-U} |\psi_i\rangle = \alpha c_0|00\rangle + \beta c_0|01\rangle + \alpha c_1|10\rangle + \beta c_1|11\rangle$

(I)

$P(q_i=0) = |\alpha c_0|^2 + |\beta c_0|^2 = |c_0|^2 \rightarrow$ post-meas.-state: $\alpha c_0|00\rangle + \beta c_0|01\rangle$

$P(q_i=1) = |\alpha c_1|^2 + |\beta c_1|^2 = |c_1|^2 \rightarrow$ " : $\alpha c_1|10\rangle + \beta c_1|11\rangle$

(II)

$P(q_i=0) = |\alpha c_0|^2 + |\beta c_0|^2 = |c_0|^2 \rightarrow$ post-meas.-state: $\alpha c_0|00\rangle + \beta c_0|01\rangle$

$P(q_i=1) = |\alpha c_1|^2 + |\beta c_1|^2 = |c_1|^2 \rightarrow$: $\alpha c_1|10\rangle + \beta c_1|11\rangle$

HW10. Q3:

U

$\text{eig}(U) \in \{\pm 1\}$



if $|\psi\rangle = |0\rangle \rightarrow$ Then this circuit is as in Exercise 1:

$QFT(|0\rangle) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle + |1\rangle)$

$$QFT^\dagger \left(\frac{|0\rangle + e^{2\pi i \frac{0 \cdot 1}{2}} |1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}} \right) = |+\rangle$$

$H|0\rangle = |+\rangle$
 $\frac{|0\rangle + (-1)^{\otimes \in [0,1]} |1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}$
 $\begin{cases} 0/x = 0/0 : 0 \\ 0/x = 0/1 : 2^1 = \frac{1}{2} \end{cases}$

HW9. Q3:

$$H = \frac{1}{2} I + \frac{3}{16} X \otimes Y; m=4, |I\rangle := |11\rangle \xrightarrow{\text{QPE}} |R\rangle, |I\rangle$$

$$Y = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{bmatrix}, X = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} X: |+\rangle, |-\rangle &\rightarrow X \otimes Y: |+\rangle, |+\rangle \\ Y: |0\rangle, |1\rangle &\rightarrow X \otimes Y: |-\rangle, |-\rangle \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \lambda_1 &= \frac{5}{16} & |\lambda_1\rangle &= \frac{|10\rangle + |11\rangle}{\sqrt{2}} \\ \lambda_2 &= \frac{11}{16} & |\lambda_2\rangle &= \frac{-|10\rangle + |11\rangle}{\sqrt{2}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} H|+\rangle &= \frac{1}{2}|+\rangle + \frac{3}{16} X|+\rangle \otimes Y|+\rangle \\ &= \frac{1}{2}|+\rangle + \frac{3}{16} |-\rangle \otimes |-\rangle \\ H|+\rangle &= \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{16}\right)|+\rangle = \frac{11}{16}|+\rangle \end{aligned}$$

$$H|\lambda_i\rangle = \frac{|10\rangle + |11\rangle}{2\sqrt{2}} + \frac{3}{16} (|10\rangle)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\frac{1}{2} I + \frac{3}{16} X \otimes Y \\ &\frac{1}{2} \begin{matrix} +1\lambda_{x1} & +1\lambda_{y1} \\ -1\lambda_{x2} & -1\lambda_{y2} \end{matrix} \\ &\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{16} \begin{matrix} 1 & 1 \\ (-1) & (-1) \\ (-1) & (-1) \\ 1 & (-1) \end{matrix} \end{aligned}$$