

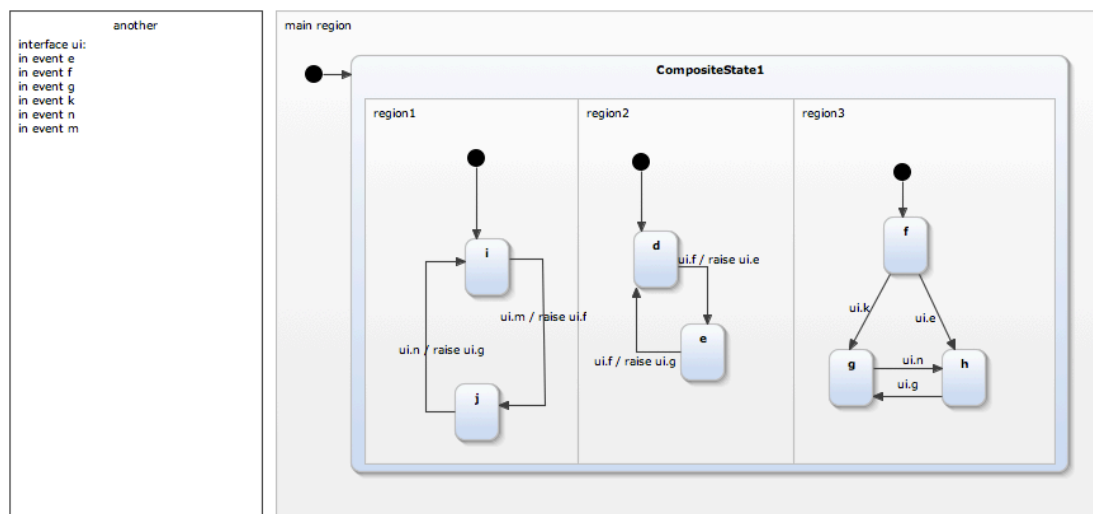
Statechart simulation – Lab session 2

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In this lab session, we will try out some advanced statechart constructs. We assume you have completed the first lab session and, therefore, we will skip all the detailed description of steps.

Part 1. Orthogonal regions and explicit signal management

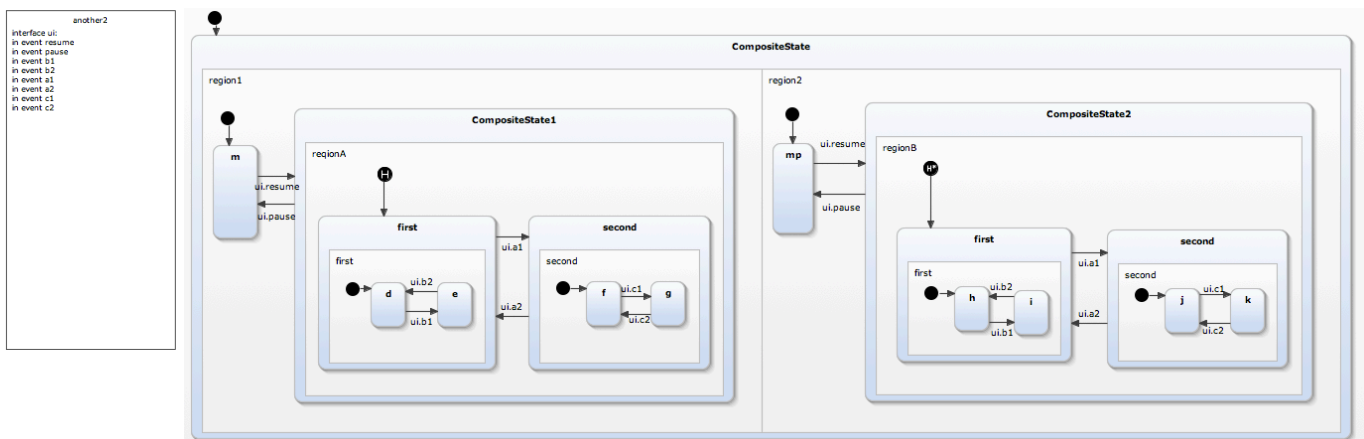
Create the following statechart in Yakindu SCT



You can select the composite states and regions directly from the palette in the right-hand side of the framework. In some transitions, besides the events, we are also specifying other signals to be raised, e.g., `ui.f / raise ui.g`. Simulate the model and enter the following sequence of signals: `m`, `f`, `n`. What is the final global state?

Part 2. Shallow vs. Deep History

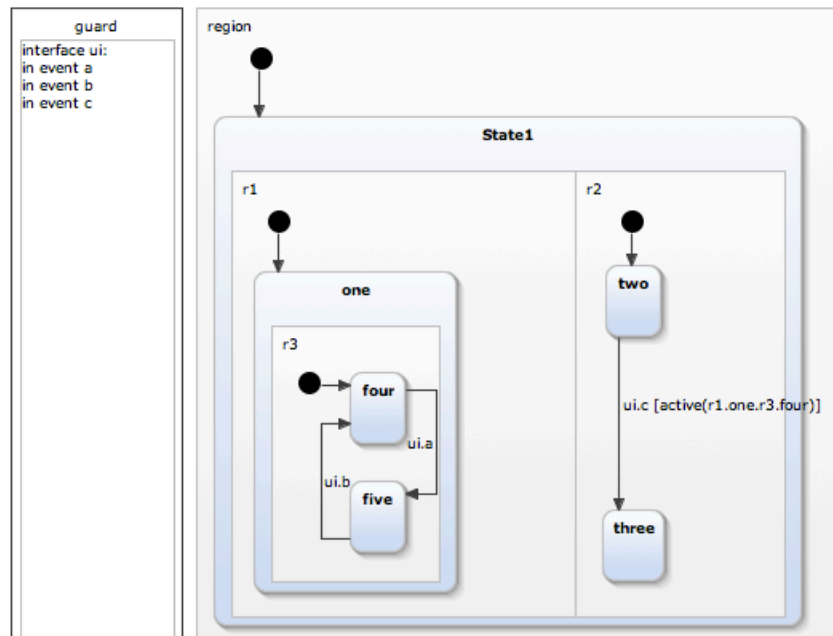
Create the following statechart:



What is the global state after the sequence of events “*resume, a1, c1, pause, resume*”?

Part 3. Guards

Create the following statechart:



Note that the guard in the transition from state *two* to *three* specifies that, during the simulation, state *three* can be activated iff transition *c* is executed while state *four* is active. Try the sequences of states “*a,c*” and, in another run of the simulation, “*c,a*”.